


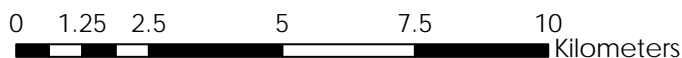
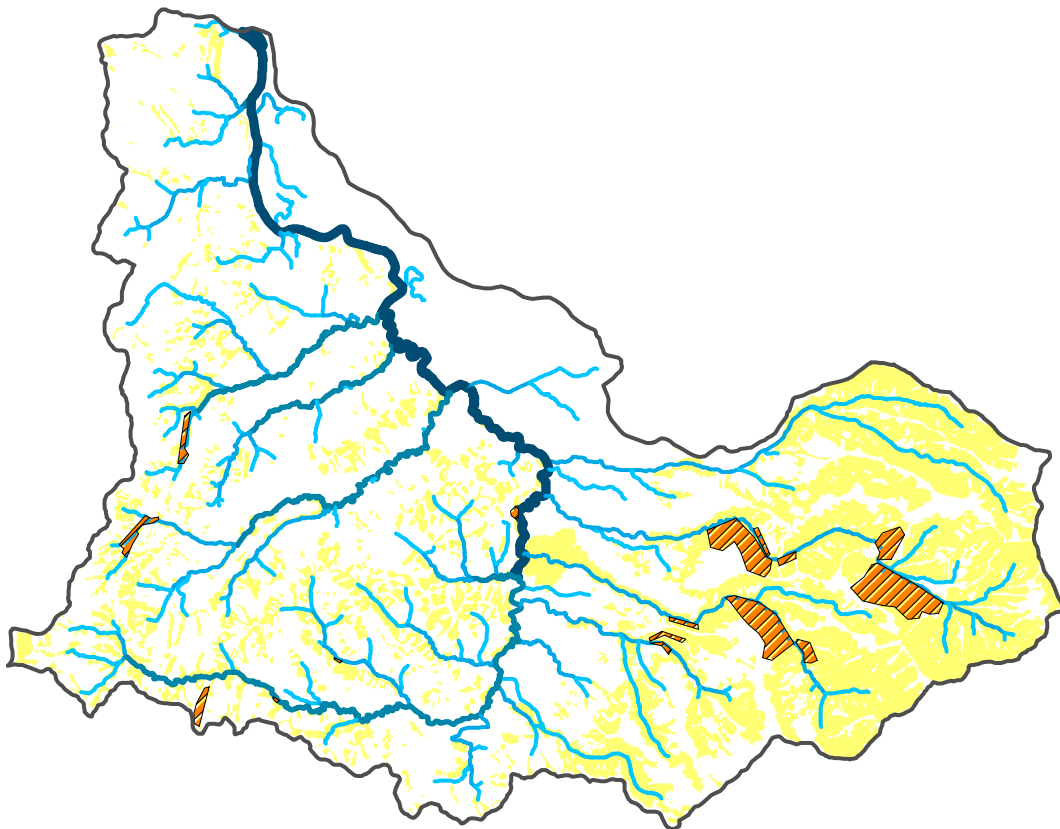


Landslides are not the dominant factor in the Tillamook River that they are throughout the rest of the TBW. In particular, landslides play a relatively small role in the lower watershed and the west tributaries. In contrast, Fawcett, Simmons, and Munson creeks all contain significant areas with the potential to contribute wood and gravel resources to the stream network. Field surveys conducted for this project reflect the importance of these gravel resources to the mainstem. Landslide prone areas on the west side tributaries are much smaller in size, but play an equally crucial role. Bewley and the upper Tillamook mainstem both contain landslide prone areas. Due to the predominance of erodible geology across the western portion of the watershed, areas with the potential to deliver gravels in this portion of the watershed are proportionally more important.

Landslide Potential

-  Tillamook River Watershed
-  High Risk Rapidly Moving Landslide
-  Moderate Risk Rapidly Moving Landslide



Map 2e - Landslide Potential